

Future plans and activities



Guido Sonnemann UNEP DTIE





Emergence of the Initiative



- May 2000 Malmo Declaration calls for a Life Cycle Economy
- Apr. 2002 Launch of the Life Cycle Initiative
- Sep. 2002 WSSD asks for the use of life cycle analysis
- Feb. 2003 UNEP GC.22 decisions request to strengthen UNEP/ SETAC partnership
- Apr. 2003 Initiative delivers draft Definition Studies to ILCP
- Oct. 2003 Call for expression of interest in Task Forces

NOW

- The Commission mentions directly the Initiative and it will seek to promote IPP on the international level.
- UN SCP meeting in Marrakech recommends the world-wide implementation and sharing of experiences on IPP through international activities such as the UNEP led Life Cycle Initiative.





Sustainability Challenge

Provide decent living conditions for all...

... within earth carrying capacity.





- Promote 10-year framework of programmes
- Support regional & national initiatives
- Improve the products & services
- Develop consumer information tools
- Use science-based approaches, such as lifecycle analysis



De-linking economic growth and environmental damage

- Promoting an integrated approach to consumption and production;
- Developed countries need to do more and developing countries support;
- Using policy instruments, technology solutions and partnerships.





Overview



- ILCP International Life Cycle Panel Involve the relevant stakeholders
- LCM Life Cycle Management
 Integrate LC thinking into decision making
- LCI Life Cycle Inventory
 Get the right data to the users
- LCIA Life Cycle Impact Assessment
 Provide the best available indicators
- LCR Life Cycle activities in Regions
 Create capacity in all regions





ILCP - International Life Cycle Panel



- Governing body of the Life Cycle Initiative
- Chaired by UNEP DTIE director
- In close communication with partners
- Meetings approximately every six months:
 - Inaugural Meeting in Prague, April 2002
 - 2nd Meeting in Paris, January 2003
 - 3rd Meeting in Hamburg, April 2003
 - 4th Meeting in Paris, December 2003
 - 5th Meeting in USA, 2004





Partners



Sponsoring:

- ACE
- APME
- **GM**
- ICMM
- Netherlands
- Switzerland
- Canada/QuebecCIRAIG

Supporting:

- AIST
- Brazilian LC Association
- CI
- Eco Global, Costa Rica
- Indian Society of LCA
- ISO
- US EPA





Work modus



- Surveys on user needs, data availability and other relevant issues;
- Workshops to share experiences and acquire knowledge;
- Publications to promote life cycle approaches;
- Working groups with task forces and peer review groups on LCM, LCI and LCIA preparing reports and contributions to a planned information system
- Website as central contact point to access information provided by the Initiative;
- Quarterly LC.net bulletin and communication by SETAC Globe, ISIE news and Int J LCA.





LCM - Life Cycle Management



- Awareness training for the application of life cycle thinking and improvement of decisionmakers' skills by producing information materials and establishing forums for information exchange
- The long-term deliverables consist of:
 - Integration of various existing tools and concepts in LCM framework;
 - Strategies for communication of life cycle information to relevant stakeholders;
 - Training modules for SMEs and developing countries.





LCM - Task forces



- 1 Innovation of products and services: Life cycle based product and service development
- 2 Communication of life cycle information: Labeling,
 Product Declarations, Reporting, Certifications
- 3 Management along the life cycle: EMAS, Product Oriented Environmental Management Systems (POEMS), Supply Chain Management
- 4 Stakeholder engagement along the life cycle:
 Stakeholder analysis, Multi-stakeholder dialogue, Product panels
- 5 Life Cycle Costing
- 6 Preparation of life cycle training modules





LCI - Life Cycle Inventory



- Improvement of global access to transparent, high quality life cycle data by hosting and facilitating expert groups whose work results in web-based information systems
- The long-term deliverables consist of:
 - Information systems for easy access to peer reviewed Life Cycle Inventory databases;
 - Reliable LCI data for simplified tools;
 - Guidance on LCI methodology;
 - Compilation of life cycle studies to identify best practice in different sectors and regions.





LCIA - Life Cycle Impact Assessment



- Improvement of the quality and global reach of the life cycle indicators by promoting the exchange of views among experts whose work results in a set of widely accepted recommendations
- The long-term deliverables consist of:
 - Recommended available Life Cycle Impact Assessment methods, models and factors;
 - Guidance for benchmarking in business practice including social-economic aspects.





LCR - Life Cycle activities in Regions



- Regional networks for training and capacity building on life cycle approaches
- The long-term deliverables consist of:
 - Training courses in Africa, Asia/ Pacific, Eastern Europe and Latin America;
 - Pilot projects with life cycle database creations for commodities;
 - Web-based distance learning offers in collaboration with universities.





Importance of LCI data quality



Improvement of global access to transparent, high quality life cycle data:

- Common basis for the innovation of products and services;
- Adequate communication of life cycle information;
- Consideration of national and regional particularities in developing countries;
- Scientific reliability of simple tools;
- Optimization of linkages to LCIA framework.







United Nations Environment Programme

Division of Technology, Industry & Economics

Production and Consumption Unit

39-43 Quai André Citroën

75739 Paris, Cedex 15, France

Tel: +33 1 4437 1450 Fax: +33 1 4437 1474

E-mail: sc@unep.fr

http://www.uneptie.org/sustain/lcinitiative

