

Glass fiber LCA & Environmental and health data sheet

Aymon de REYDELLET

Sylvie Charbonnier-Loup ; Michaël Médard



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Saint-Gobain today

More than 1 400 consolidated companies in 47 countries



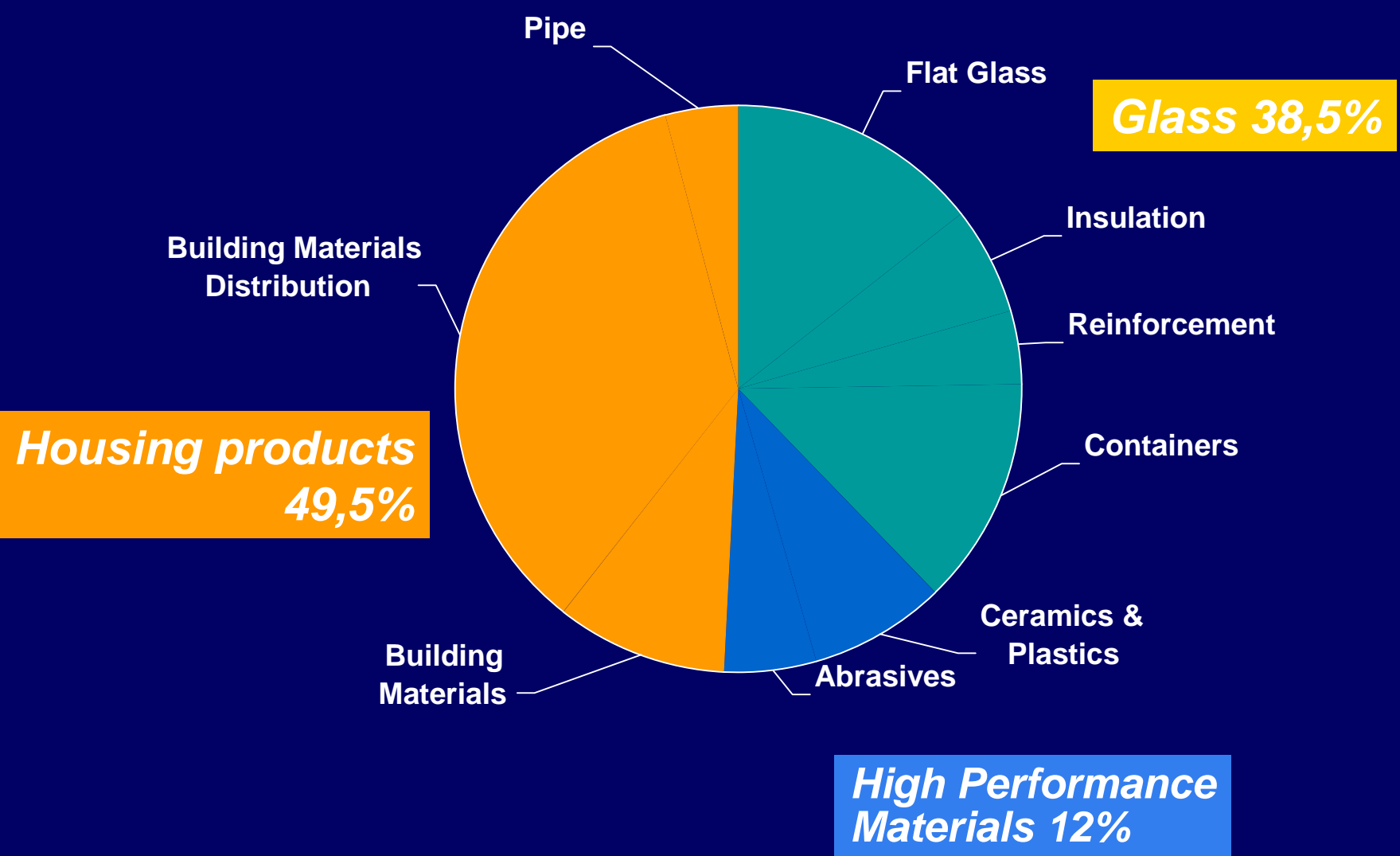
172 000 Employees



2001	€Mds
Net Sales	30.27
Net Income	1.04
Cash Flow ^(*)	2.67
Capital Expenditures	1.43

(*) Excl. Capital gains

Breakdown of Sales

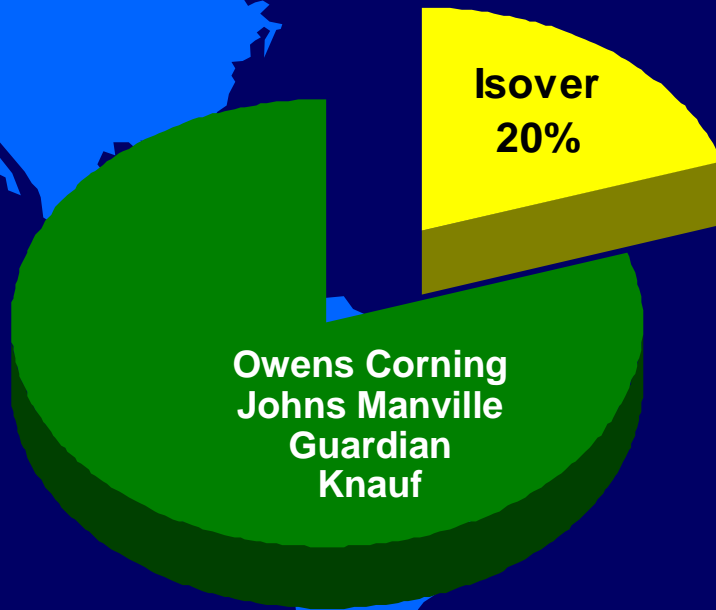


2002 figures (pro forma)

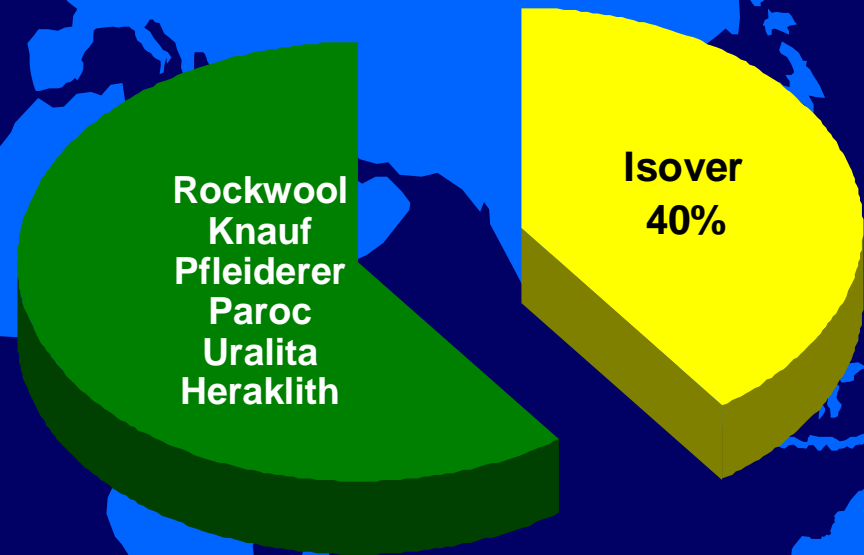


Isover n°1 world producer

USA



EUROPE



Market share in value for mineral wools

Key Figures

9,000 employees worldwide: 1,500 in Scandinavian and Nordic countries, 1,200 in France, 1,500 in Germany and nearly 1,500 in the USA

38 consolidated companies and **6** licencees

36 plants

Net Sales (Insulation + Reinforcement):
3,25 billion EUR

Insulation **World leader**

History (1/2)

□ 1990 : *EU Environmental labelling for insulation products*

→ *First LCA done by Saint-Gobain for 12 European products*

□ 1994 : *LCA for building materials*

→ *French producers of building materials (AIMCC) create a working group*

□ 1996 : *French HQE association*

→ *Created to promote the High environmental Quality of buildings*

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History (2/2)

□ 2001 : AFNOR standard XP P 01 010-1

- *To harmonize requirements from architects and other building's stakeholders*
- *Environmental and health data sheets for building materials*

□ 2003 : AFNOR standard XP P 01 020

- *Environmental and sanitary characteristics of buildings*

□ 2003 : first complete Environmental & Health data sheets

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AFNOR experimental standards

□ *Environmental quality of construction products (XP 01 010)*

→ *Information concerning the environmental characteristics of construction products*

- *Part 1: Methodology and model of data declaration (April 2001)*
- *Part 2: Framework for exploiting the environmental characteristics for application to a given construction work (May 2002)*

□ *Environmental and sanitary characteristics of buildings (draft – September 2003?)*

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AFNOR XP 01 010, Part 1

□ *To provide objective information and to be used to assess the impacts of construction products.*

→ *Covers all stages of life cycle.*

→ *The data*

- *shall be qualified and explained*
- *have to be representative, shall go with by an indication of accuracy and, in any case, the source had to be provided.*

→ *Defines the functional unit*

→ *Defines the mass cut-off rule for inputs*

→ *Proposes rules for modification of scenarios*

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AFNOR XP 01 010, Part 2

□ ***To characterize the contribution of products to environmental impacts of a given construction work.***

- *Indicates what information shall be retrieved from first part of standard.*
- *Main impacts are quantified*
- *Contribution of the product to health risk management,*
- *Resistance to biocides, thermal shocks, organoleptic properties, fitness for contact with drinking water*
- *Contribution of the product to comfort*

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How LCA have been done by Saint-Gobain Isover?

- ❑ **In collaboration with Ecobilan SA (PriceWaterHouseCooper)**
- ❑ **At the same time as other French producers**
 - Belonging to the French association of Glass fibers and rock wool producers : FILMM
- ❑ **Data sources**
 - Isover LCA, 1993
 - Ecobilan SA databases
 - Saint-Gobain Isover plants
 - Suppliers
- ❑ **Tools**
 - TEAM software from Ecobilan SA
 - DEAM software from Ecobilan SA
 - Specific software to generate table which can be directly used in the E&H data sheets

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Functional unit

- ❑ Quantity of product and, if necessary, complementary products and distribution packing contained in FU on basis of Typical Life Duration of 50 years.
- ❑ 100 m² of glass fiber roll which main function is thermal insulation (roof insulation):
 - 220 kg of glass fiber
 - 6.4 kg of Kraft paper
 - 6.5 kg of asphalt
 - 2.0 kg of polypropylene veil
 - 0.5 kg of hot melt glue
- ❑ **Packaging**
 - 5 kg of polyethylene

These values can not be used as such. The complete data sheet must be requested

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Hypothesis (1/2)

❑ Final product transportation

→ 223 km by truck (22.4 t), returning empty at 96%

❑ Waste on building site

→ None

❑ End of life

→ To landfill

❑ Electricity

→ French model for production

→ European model for all other stages of the LCA

❑ Input and output

→ 99.8% have been taken into account

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Hypothesis (2/2)

□ Energy savings during use (done by TRIBU Energie)

	Surface (m ²)	Thermal characteristics	Electricity saved (kWh elec)	Natural gas saved (kWh PCI)
Insulated roof	100	R = 5	2 995	3 161
Insulated walls	85	R = 2	2 278	2 402
Double glazing	15	U = 2,9	571	601
Floor	100	R = 1,94	1 968	2 075
Laminated floor	100	R = 1,05	1 874	1 976

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LCA results

Contribution to environmental impacts (1/3)

□ Energy resource consumption

- Total primary energy : 10 180 MJ/FU
- Renewable energy : 842 MJ/FU
 - Non-renewable energy : 9 338 MJ/FU

□ Consumption of non-energy resources

200 kg/ FU

□ Water consumption

4.3 m³/FU

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LCA results

Contribution to environmental impacts (2/3)

□ Solid waste

→ Improved	0.27 kg/FU
→ Eliminated	
• Hazardous waste	1.5 kg/FU
• Non-hazardous waste	248 kg/FU
• Inert waste	83 kg/FU
• Radioactive waste	0.072 kg/FU

□ Climate change

500 kg eq CO₂/FU

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as such. The complete data
sheet must be requested*

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LCA results

Contribution to environmental impacts (3/3)

- Atmospheric acidification**
 1.15 kg eq SO₂/FU
- Air pollution**
 316 150 m³/FU
- Water pollution**
 9 000 m³/FU
- Formation of photochemical ozone**
 150 kg eq ethylene/FU
- Soil pollution**
 does not apply
- Destruction of the stratospheric ozone layer**
 does not apply
- Biodiversity modification**
 does not apply

*These values can not be used
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LCA results

Savings versus impacts : some examples

□ Total primary energy

→ - 1 123 565 MJ/FU

110 times the impact

□ Climate change

→ - 161 766 kg eq CO₂

323 times the impact

□ Hazardous waste

→ - 111 kg/FU

74 times the impact

□ Water consumption

→ 160 m³

38 times the impact

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What next?

- ❑ **E&H data sheets are or will be soon available for the main building materials**
 - For the main Isover products, by the end of 2003
- ❑ **They will be certified by external auditor**
- ❑ **Comparison between products must be done very carefully**
 - Hypothesis are not always the same
 - Functional units have to be the same!

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**Thank you
for your attention**

Aymon.dereydellet@saint-gobain.com