California Transit Bus Trends





Henry Hogo South Coast Air Quality Management District

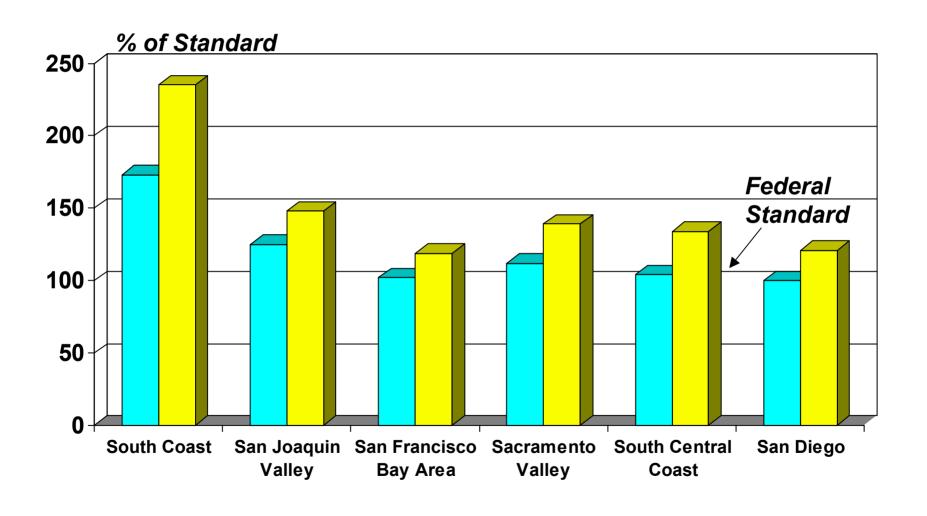
Transit Trends

10th National Clean Cities Conference
Ft. Lauderdale, FL
May 4, 2004

Overview

- Air Quality Concerns
- Incentive Programs
- Regulatory Programs
- Transit Bus Trends
- The Future

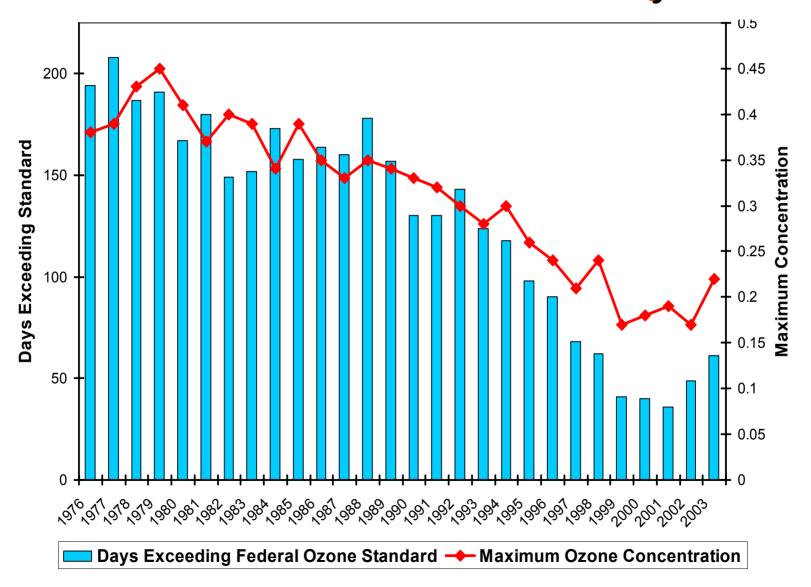
Ozone Air Quality in California



O3 8-Hr

O3 1-Hr

Southern California Air Quality Trends



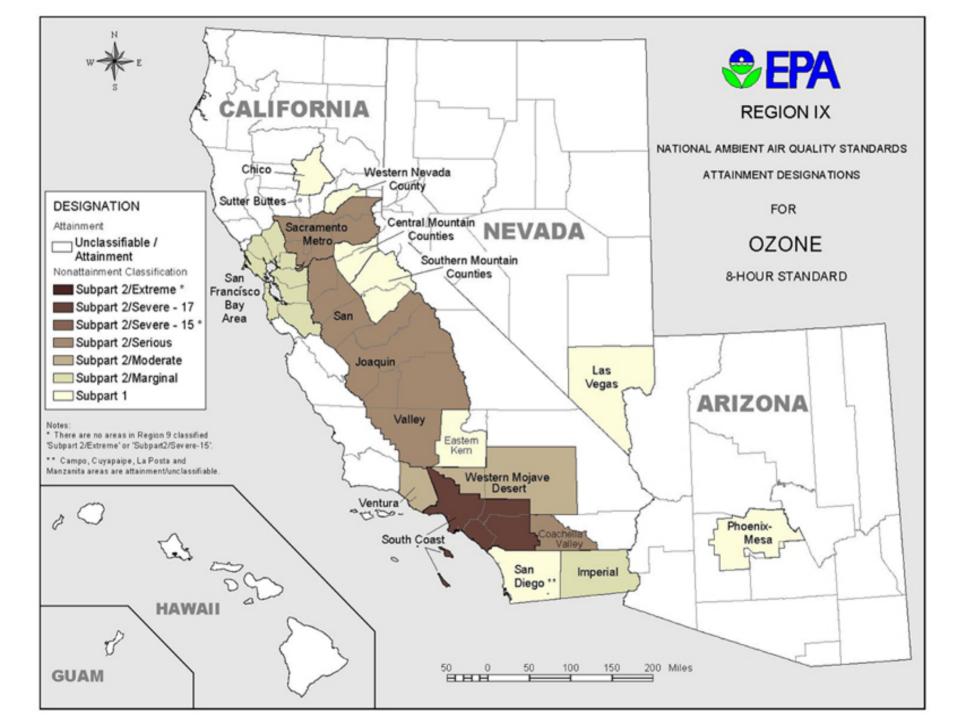
Constraints in Achieving Standards

South Coast Air Basin

- Increasing Population, Vehicles, VMT
 - ↑15% in Population (17 mil. in 2010)
 - ↑34% in Number of Vehicles (11 mil. in 2010)
 - ↑31% in VMT (387 mil. in 2010)
- Expanding Economy
 - Consumer Products
 - Ports / Airports / Trains
 - Industrial Sources

Challenges to Attainment / Reducing Air Toxics Levels

- Slow Turnover of Existing Gasoline Vehicles
- Long Life of Existing Diesel Engines
- Funding to Implement New Technologies
- Development of Future Control Measures to Meet New Federal/State Clean Air Goals
- International/National versus Local needs



Mobile Source Emissions and Air Quality

- New Cleaner Engines –
 One Part of Solution
- Need to Clean Up Existing Engines -Second Part of Solution
- Public Policy Deploy the Cleanest Commercially Available Technologies As Early As Possible

Approaches to Reducing Transit Bus Emissions

- Economic Incentive Programs
- Regulatory Actions

Economic Incentive Programs

- FTA Funding 80 to 90% of Cost
- Mobile Source Credits South Coast
- State/Local Heavy-Duty Vehicle Programs (1998-2003)
 - Carl Moyer (1,186 Buses; \$13.7 M)
 - MSRC (1,396 Buses; \$37.6 M)

Regulatory Programs

Adopted 2000

California
 Transit Bus Rule

 South Coast Transit Bus Fleet Rule



Regulatory Programs

- California Transit Bus Rule
- Transit Properties to Choose Path:
 Alternative Fuel or Diesel
- Diesel Requirements More
 Stringent In Order to Achieve
 Similar Reductions as Alternative
 Fuel Technologies
- Eventual Introduction of Zero-Emission Buses





Regulatory Programs (continued)

South Coast Fleet Rule

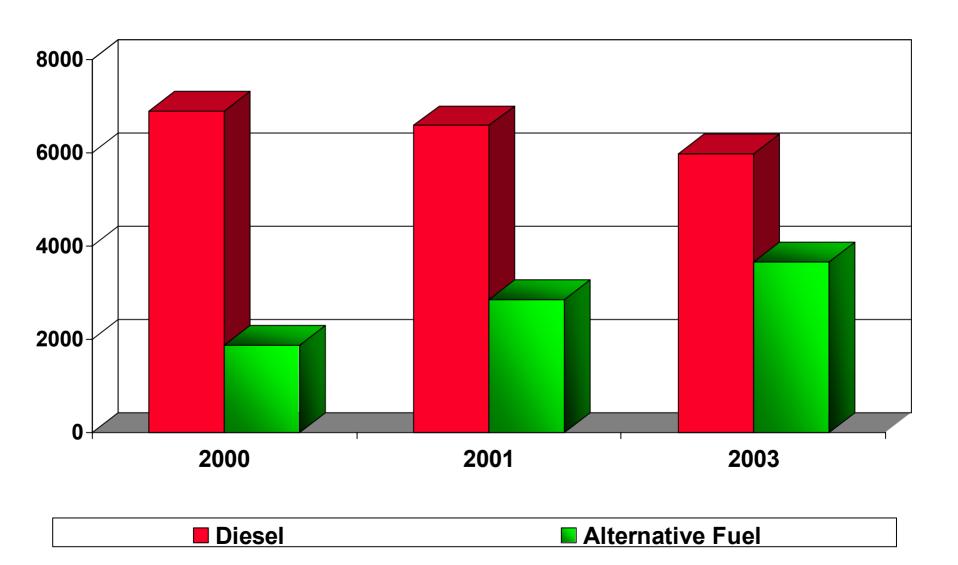
Similar to State Transit Bus Rule

Transit Properties Located in South Coast with 15 or More Buses Required to Purchase Alternative Fuel Buses

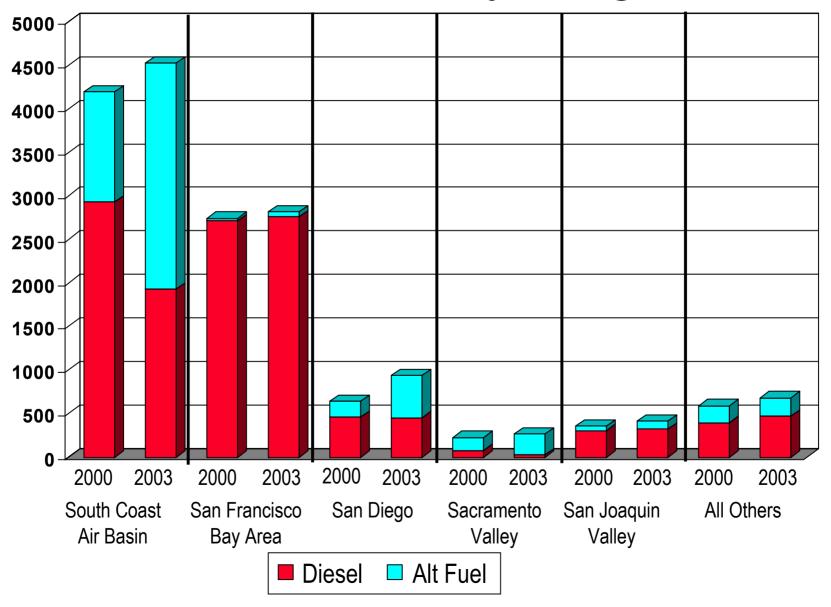
Large Transit Properties
 Chose Alternative Fuel Path

Smaller Transits Purchasing
 Alternative Fuel or Gasoline Hybrids

California Transit Bus Trends



Bus Trends by Region



Successes/Challenges

- Mixed Findings on Operational/Maintenance Costs versus Diesel
- Technology Issues Related Primarily to Vehicle Integration (Engine, Fuel System, Body Design)
- Need to Balance New Technology Deployment with Operational Needs
- Need for Full Commitment to Alternative Fuel Technology to be Successful

Why Choose Alternative Fuel Path?

 Alternative-Fueled Buses – Inherently Cleaner than Conventional Fueled Vehicles

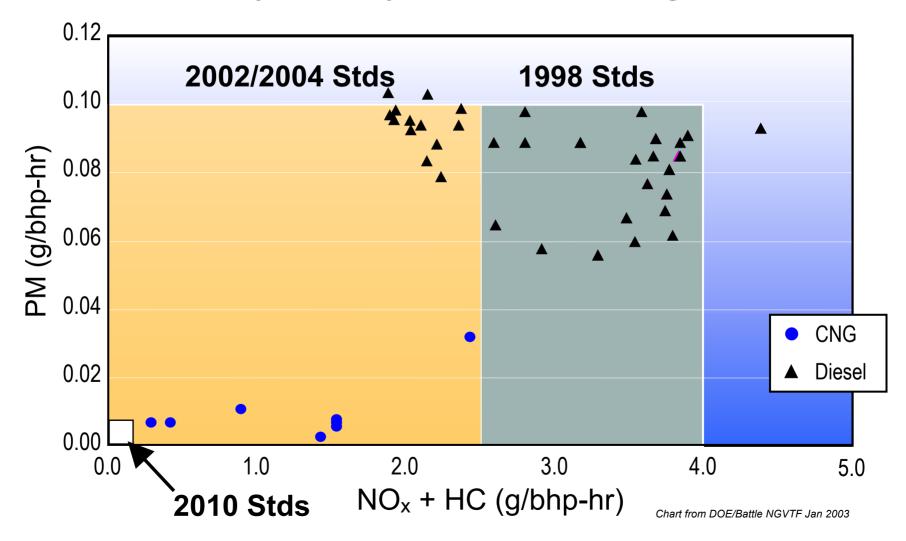
Alternative Fuel
 Technologies Continue to
 Improve Relative to
 Performance/Costs/
 Environmental Benefits

Reduces Foreign
 Dependency on

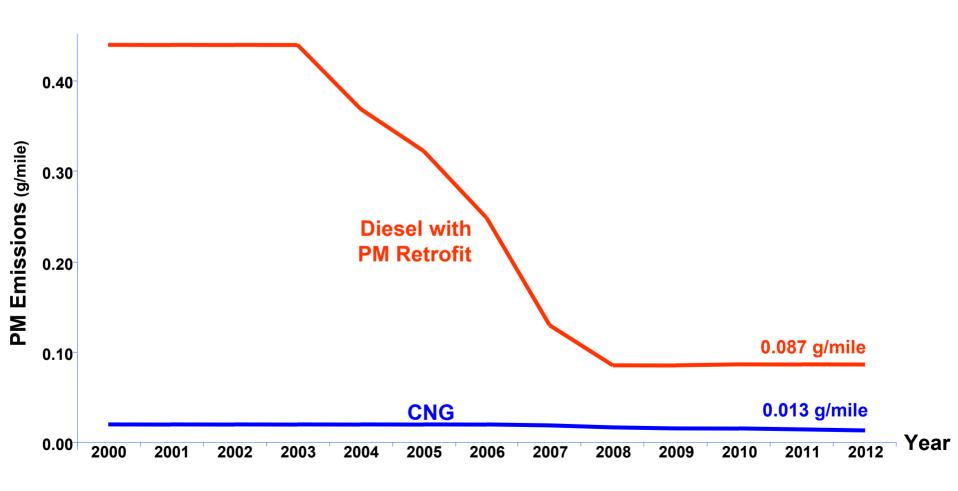
 Petroleum-Based Fuels



Current Certification Data for Heavy-Duty Diesel Engines



Estimated In-Use PM Emissions - Bus Fleet Average



Source: California Air Resources Board (2000)

The Future

- Natural Gas Engine Manufacturers to Produce 0.2 gm/bhp-hr Engines by 2007
- Diesel Engines at 1.2 gm/bhp-hr in 2007
- Current Gasoline Hybrid Buses at 0.6 gm/bhp-hr
- Commercial Zero-Emission Buses
 - Electric Available Today
 - Fuel Cell Future Date Uncertain



