

## Pollution Prevention

**O n - S i t e S o l v e n t R e c y c l i n g  
E q u i p m e n t****Number 9  
January 1993**

*The generation of solvent wastes contributes to air and water pollution and hazardous waste generation. It is one of Ohio's most common environmental problems. Pollution prevention for industrial solvents should be practiced whenever possible.*

The first priority of pollution prevention is to eliminate the initial generation or release of wastes and pollutants at the source (source reduction). For the wastes or pollutants that are generated, the goal is to recycle or reuse them in an environmentally sound manner.

There is a trend of increasing costs for hazardous waste treatment and disposal. The Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 also mandate reduced release of solvents into the atmosphere. Generators of solvent wastes can profit by creating less waste. Reducing the quantity of solvent used saves on the cost of purchasing virgin solvents and also their management

Businesses may be able to eliminate their solvent wastes by finding an aqueous or semi-aqueous cleaner to replace the solvent. However, these alternatives can create other problems such as additional waste water management. Businesses also can recycle solvents on-site in their own equipment, which is the subject of this fact Sheet

Before a company purchases any solvent recycling

equipment it needs to consider possible limitations. It is important for a company to investigate whether its spent solvents are recyclable. Some industrial solvents are blends of two or more pure solvents and additives. Recycling could alter the industrial solvent's composition and usefulness. By-products of the industrial process also may prevent recycling. Explosive or fire hazard conditions can be created when some materials are distilled. Suspended solids affect the efficiency of recycling apparatus and limit which recycling units can be used.

The end-product of the recycling process is of obvious importance. The purity of the recycled solvents should be considered, as some recycled solvents may not be usable for the original purpose. Alternative uses generally can be found. It may not be necessary to recycle a solvent to 100 percent purity for an intended purpose. Additives may be necessary for a solvent to be safe and effective for an industrial process.

**Solvent Still Types**

There are three general solvent still types. The most common technique for recycling solvents is distillation by a simple still. Distillation uses the unique boiling points of liquids to separate them from other materials and liquids. The second type, fractional stills, can recover high purity solvents. A fractional still may separate an industrial solvent blend into its pure constituents. Third, thin film evaporation is a rapid process for solvent recycling. In this process a thin film of dirty solvent runs down a heated cylindrical vessel and is vaporized. The pure solvent vapors rise to the top of the evaporator. The vapors are collected and condensed. The recovered solvent is collected in a receiving container. Thin film evaporation requires the dirty solvent to have a low suspended solids content to work well.

Wastes should be segregated whenever possible. If two wastes containing two solvents with similar boiling points are distilled, a simple

still may produce a solvent blend of the two solvents. This blend may not be usable for the original purposes of the individual solvents. When pure solvent is the goal, it is best not to mix solvent wastes.

A simple distillation still consists of a heating chamber, a condenser, and a clean solvent collection container. Spent solvent is placed in the heating chamber and vaporized. The vapor is cooled in the condenser, where it liquefies into purified solvent. The recycled solvent drains into a receiving container. Then the still bottom is removed. More spent solvent is placed into the still and the process starts again.

The ease of cleaning should be considered when choosing a still. Still liners facilitate cleaning the still and in disposing the solvent wastes. Still bottoms are considered hazardous when a listed hazardous waste solvent is distilled or if they meet hazardous waste characteristics as defined by the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and by Ohio law.



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Solvents with every high boiling points may require reduced atmospheric pressures to be distilled. A vacuum can be used to reduce the atmospheric pressure. Danger from fire hazards explosions are possible in simple stills and can be reduced with the vacuum unit. These units increase the cost of the still.

A variety of stills exist. Batch stills can range in size from three to over 55 gallons. They distill their capacity in a six to eight hour work shift. Small stills can run on electricity while larger stills may require a steam connection. The condenser may be cooled by circulating air, water or a chemical refrigerant. A water hook-up is necessary for water cooled stills. Continuous flow stills range in distillation capacity and can distill as much as 500 gallons per hour.

Stainless steel and teflon fittings and gaskets which are corrosion resistant last longer than other materials. During distillation of spent solvents, water can mix with the solvent resulting in an acidic mixture that is corrosive to the still. Still components such as steel and teflon reduce the wear on the still.

Recycling Costs

Several factors should be considered when reviewing

the cost efficiency of a still. These factors include the amount of solvent used by the business, the cost of new solvent, the cost of still bottom or other waste disposal, usefulness of recycled solvent, the operating cost of the still, and the payback period. Electricity, labor requirements, and still liners should be included in the operating costs.

The cost of disposing bulk solvent wastes and the cost of disposing still bottoms only should be compared. The amount of waste and its disposal have associated costs which should be considered. Hazardous waste transporters may have a minimum charge to collect waste.

Safety features should be reviewed before choosing a still. Safety features available include explosion proof electrical compartments and automatic shutdown features. Businesses should investigate if the still shuts down automatically after a batch is finished, if there is a water failure, if the boiling chamber's temperature exceeds a threshold setting, and if the water temperature in the condenser goes above some threshold temperature.

In all circumstances, companies should ask a sales representative to recycle waste samples from their company. This will demonstrate the effectiveness of the recycling still and help

determine what is required to make the recycled solvent usable.

Manufacturers and Distributors Servicing Ohio

This partial list of manufacturers and distributors of solvent recycling units was prepared by the Pollution Prevention Section, Division of Hazardous Waste Management, Ohio EPA. Inclusion of a company's name on this list does not constitute endorsement by Ohio EPA. Contact the RCRA Technical Assistance Section, (614) 644-2956, or the Pollution Prevention Section, Columbus, (614) 644-3469, if you have questions concerning hazardous waste and solvent recycling.

Manufacturers of Recycling Stills:

- Acra Electric Corp.  
3801 N. 25th Ave.  
Schiller Park, IL 60176  
708-678-8870
- Alpha Laval Inc.  
955 Meams Rd.  
Warminster, PA 48974  
215-443-4000
- American Auto Products, Inc.  
19B Arsenal and Terminal  
39th and Butler St  
P.O. Box 40136  
Pittsburgh, PA 15201

Artisan Industries, Inc.  
73 Pond Street  
Waltbam, MA 02254-9193  
617-893-6800

Better Engineering Mfg., Inc.  
7101 Belair Rd.  
Baltimore, MD 21206

B/R Instrument Corp.  
9119 Centerville Road  
Easton, MD 21601  
301-820-8800  
800-922-9206

Branson Ultrasonic  
41 Eagle Road  
Danbury, CT 06813  
203-796-0392

Ceilcote Master Builders  
140 Sheldon Rd.  
Berea, OH 44017  
216-243-0700

Chemical Management Technology, Inc.  
329-7 Parkridge  
Orange Park, FL 32065  
800-749-1008  
904-276-3737

Detrex Corp.  
P.O. Box 5111  
Southfield, MI 48086  
313-358-5800  
502-782-2411

Finish Thompson Inc.  
921 Greengarden Road  
Erie, PA 16501-1591  
814-4554478

Gardner Machinery Co.  
P.O. Box 33818  
700 N. Summit Ave.  
Charlotte, NC 38233  
704-372-3890

Giant Distillation and Recovery Co.  
900 N. Westwood  
Toledo, OH 43607  
419-531-4600

Hoffman/Clarkson Ind.  
P.O. Box 548  
East Syracuse, NY 13057-0548  
315-437-0311  
800-258-8008

Interel Corp.  
P.O. Box 4676  
11234 E. Caley Ave. #B  
Englewood, CO 80155  
303-773-0753

Process Division, LCI Corp.  
2407 Worthing Drive  
Suite 101  
Naperville, IL 60565  
708-305-8693

Lenape Equipment Co.  
P.O. Box 285  
Manasquan, NJ 08736  
908-919-0405

Lenape Systems  
Bldg. 28, Perimeter Rd.  
Allaire Airport  
Wall, NJ 07727

National Fluid Separators  
Div. of M/J Industries  
827 Hanley Industrial Ct.  
St. Louis, MO 63144  
314-968-2838

PBR Industries, Inc.  
400 Farmingdale Road  
West Babylon, NY 11704  
516-422-0057  
800-842-1630

Phaudler Co.  
100 West Avenue  
Rochester, NY 14692  
716-235-1000

Pope Scientific, Inc.  
N90 W14337  
Commerce Drive  
Box 495  
Menomonee Falls, WI 53051  
414-251-9300

Processall, Inc.  
10596 Springfield Pike  
Cincinnati, OH 45215  
513-771-2266

Progressive Recovery, Inc.  
P.O. Box 126  
700 Industrial Drive  
Dupo, IL 62239  
618-286-5000

Pure-Flo Distillers, Inc.  
16619 Wikiup Road  
P.O. Box 1470  
Ramona, CA 92065  
619-788-0248

D.W. Renzmann GmbH  
6557 Monzingen/Nahe  
West Germany  
0 6751-5011

Siva International  
405 Eccles Avenue South  
San Francisco, CA 94080  
415-589-9600

Solvent Recovery Systems, Inc.  
14335 W. Interdrive, Bldg. A  
Houston, TX 77032  
800-367-5773  
713-449-8871

Unique Industries  
P.O. Box C4530  
Pacoima, CA 91333-4530  
818-249-5620

Venus Products  
1862 Ives Ave.  
Kent, WA 98032  
206-854-2660

Westport Environmental Systems  
Forge Rd.  
P.O. Box 217  
Westport, MA 02790-0217  
508-636-8811  
800-343-9411

## Manufacturers of Thin-Film Evaporators:

Artisan Industries, Inc.  
73 Pond Street  
Waltham, MA 02254-9193  
617-893-6800

Blaw-Knox Corp.  
750 East Ferry Street  
Buffalo, NY  
716-895-2100

Cherry-Burrell Corp.  
Votator Division  
P.O. Box 35600  
Louisville, KY 40232  
502-491-4310

Groen Inc.  
1900 Pratt Blvd.  
Elk Grove Village, IL 60007  
708-439-2400

LCI Corp.  
(Formerly LUWA Corp.)  
2407 Worthing Drive  
Suite 101  
Naperville, IL 60565  
708-305-8693

Phaudler Corp.  
100 West Avenue  
Rochester, NY 14692  
716-235-1000

Pope Scientific, Inc.  
N90 W14337  
Commerce Drive  
P. O. Box 495  
Menomonee Falls, WI 53051  
414-251-9300

Schott Process Systems  
1640 Southwest Blvd.  
Vineland, NJ 08360  
609-692-4700

Timberline Industries  
211 Pawnee Drive  
Boulder, CO 80303  
800-777-5996

UIC Incorporated  
P.O. Box 863  
Joliet, IL 60434  
800-342-5842

## Distributors:

G. H. Diers Co.  
P.O. Box 43198  
Cincinnati, OH 45243  
513-791-1188  
Distributor for Westport Environmental Systems, Inc.

Distil Kleen  
22 Hudson Place  
Hoboken, NJ 07030-5512  
201-217-0505  
Distributor for D.W. Renzman

Eco/Solutions  
388 Morrison Road  
Columbus, OH 43213  
614-868-2656  
Distributor for Chemical Management Technology, Inc.

## Pollution Prevention

### Qn-Site Solvent Recycling Equipment

Erie Industrial Supply  
931 Greengarden Blvd.  
Erie, PA 16512  
814-452-3231  
800-999-0452  
800-999-0575  
Representing Finish  
Thompson Engineering

Flanagan Associates, Inc.  
10999 Reed Hartman Hwy.  
Suite 139  
Cincinnati, OH 45242  
513-984-8880  
800-852-5820  
Distributor for Artisan  
Industries and D.W.  
Renzmann

Flanagan Associates, Inc.  
6520 Taywood Rd.  
Dayton, OH 45322  
Distributor for Artisan  
Industries and D.W.  
Renzmann

FPE Co.  
2 Wildwood Dr.  
Milford, OH 45150  
513-248-0300  
Distributor for Giant  
Distillation and Recovery

Giorgio Scientific Co., Inc.  
Analytical Instrumentation  
Sales and Service  
162 Steuben Street  
Pittsburgh, PA 15220  
412-922-8850  
Distributor for Pope  
Scientific

The Lester Johnson Co.  
7777 Hub Parkway  
Valley View, OH 44125  
216-447-5010  
Distributor for Siva  
International (Recyclene  
and Disti Inc.)

The Lester Johnson Co.  
3322-B Morse Rd.  
Columbus, OH 43231  
614-478-3211

The Lester Johnson Co.  
10168 International Blvd.  
Cincinnati, OH 45246  
513-860-2400

The Lester Johnson Co.  
5640 W. Central Ave.  
Toledo, OH 43615  
419-531-0689

On-Site Recycling of Ohio  
1987 Fossway  
Cincinnati, OH 45230  
513-231-9507  
Distributor for Solvent  
Recovery Systems, Inc.

Patoman, Inc.  
4599 County Road 1  
Swanton, OH 43558  
419-826-6675  
Distributor for Giant  
(Purastill) and Porter  
Systems

Protech Equipment Co.  
10979 Reed Hartman Hwy.  
Suite 226  
Cincinnati, OH 45242  
800-535-3099  
Distributor for Ceilcote

R.F.D. Associates  
1276 W. 3rd Street  
Suite 419, Marion Bldg.  
Cleveland, OH 44113  
216-781-1855  
Distributor for Branson  
Ultrasonics

Donald E. Sortman Co.  
P.O. Box 216  
Centerville, OH 45459  
513-433-0236  
Distributor for Hoffman Air  
and Filtration Systems.

Tape Industrial Sales, Inc.  
3501 E. Conner St.  
Noblesville, IN 46060  
317-773-6600  
Distributor for Finish  
Thompson Engineering

Tape Industrial Sales, Inc.  
204 Production Court  
Louisville, KY 40299  
502-495-6560  
Distributor for Finish  
Thompson Engineering

## Sources

Hazardous Waste Reduction  
Program, Oregon Depart-  
ment of Environmental  
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Recycling. August 1989. 45  
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Michigan Department of  
Commerce and Natural  
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tion Unit for On-Site  
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Pollution Prevention  
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Health, and Natural Re-  
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Wisconsin Department of  
Natural Resources. 1991.  
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tors. Waste Minimization  
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Wisconsin Department of  
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This is the ninth of a series  
of fact sheets that Ohio  
EPA has prepared on  
pollution prevention. For  
more information, includ-  
ing a description of the  
regulatory aspects of on-  
site solvent recycling, call  
the RCRA Technical  
Assistance Section at (614)  
644-2956 or the Pollution  
Prevention Section at (614)  
644-3469.